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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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COUNTRY	Korea		DATE DISTR. 6 November 19	52
SUBJECT	Military and Civil	lian Training in North Korea	NO. OF PAGES 2	
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	North Korean Army	Officer Training		
		7		
1.			training school with 40 high-	
	ranking student of	ficers was in civilian house.	s in Unsa-dong (125-33, 39-00)	
	(YD-2119). [⊥] There	e were seven officers who act	ed as instructors and clerks	
	but the important	instruction was conducted by	a Soviet military adviser, a	
	Chinese Communist	army officer and a Communist	Party ² official. After 6	
			e and ordnance instruction, the	е
		be assigned to army corps and		
	:			
2.	On 28 August the	North Koron orms political	stoff officeris school former	135
'			staff officer's school, former	тy
		5, 40-58) (BA-9837), was move		
		D-2223). The commandant was		
			Division, and the senior advises	r
	was Colonel V. P.	Miranov, former member of the	e Soviet political advisory	
			s and lieutenant colonels, were	e ₋
		t classes with 40 officers in		
			to be assigned to the politics	_
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Training of North Korean Civilian Youths

on 28 August, the North Korean government had resumed training programs for all government employees of military age, 3 who were exempted from the draft, to prevent their conscription by the Chinese Communist army. Korean Democratic Youth Alliance cells have established military basic training centers in the towns and villages, and members perform military drill daily. Approximately 60,000 men and 70,000 women were to receive a 3-month course by the end of October 1952.

Special Armed Self-Defense Unit Training in South Hamgyong Province

In July, the first class of members of the Special Armed Self-Defense Unit of South Hamgyong Province began training in the former Fifth People's Grade School at approximately 128-47, 40-31 (DV-819852). The course was scheduled for 12 days monthly between the twelfth and the twenty-third days of the month and was conducted by three North Korean army senior lieutenants and two lieutenants. From 9 a.m. to 2 p.m., instruction was given in basic military subjects including combat and the use of hand grenades, and from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m., combat exercises were held. Graduates of the course were to be assigned to self-defense units throughout South Hamgyong Province as leaders or regular members. Three dugouts 2 meters deep were prepared 30 meters north of the school for use in training and as air raid shelters.

1.	Comment. the People's Army	25X
	Supreme Military Academy with approximately 200 students was in the	
	village of Unsa-dong.	
2.	Comment. Presumably a representative of the North Korean Labor Party is meant here.	
3.	Comment. It is not clear from the text whether or not the training program involves only government employees. Presumably it is designed to include all youths who are likely to be conscripted by the Chinese Communist army.	
4.		25X′

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